Chemistry 105 Exam 3

Name_

By submitting this exam, I certify that I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid.

Useful information:

- (1) Name the following acids and bases.
- (a) HNO_3
- (b) NH_3
- (c) H_2SO_3
- (d) $Mg(OH)_2$

(2) Write an equation for the reaction of H_2SO_4 with an equal number of moles of NH_3 . Write the molecular equation with phase labels as well as the net acid-base reaction.

- (3) Write the net acid-base reaction for the following neutralizations
- (a) $HNO_{2(aq)} + NaOH_{(aq)} ----->$

- (b) $HBr_{(aq)} + Ca(OH)_{2(aq)} ---->$
- (4) Classify the following as weak or strong acids or bases
- (a) H_2SO_4
- (b) NaHCO₃
- (c) HBr
- (d) HCH_3COO

(5) Complete the following neutalization reactions and balance them for a complete neutralization (all acidic protons neutralized, all basic units neutralized).

- (a) $H_3PO_{4(aq)} + Ca(OH)_{2(aq)} ----->$
- (b) $HF_{(aq)} + LiOH_{(aq)} ----->$
- (6) List the oxidation state for each element in the following compounds
- (a) KMnO₄

(b) H_2ClO_3

(7) Predict which of the following reactions will occur and which will not based on the activity series. Indicate which metal is the more reactive metal.

(a) $Cu^{2_{+}}_{(aq)} + Sn_{(s)} ----> Sn^{2_{+}}_{(aq)} + Cu_{(s)}$

(b)
$$Cr^{3+}_{(aq)} + 3Ag_{(s)} - - - > 3Ag^{+}_{(aq)} + Cr_{(s)}$$

(8) Break the following reaction into it's half reactions. Label the half reactions as oxidations or reduction. Include the electrons. Show all work.

$$Bi(OH)_{3}(s) + Sn(OH)_{3}^{-} = Bi(s) + Sn(OH)_{6}^{2-}$$

(9) Balance the following equation by the half-reaction method.

 $CrCl_{6(aq)} + Fe_{(s)} - - - - > CrCl_{3(aq)} + FeCl_{2(aq)}$

- (10) Answer the following questions concerning molarity.
- (a) How many moles of HCl are present in 25.50 mL of a 0.263 M solution of HCl?

(b) How many mL of 3.57 M NaCl is needed to deliver 0.821 moles of NaCl?

(11) If 35.87 mL of 0.100 M HCl was needed to neutralize 30.0 mL of a Na_2CO_3 solution. How many moles of Na_2CO_3 were present initially? What was the concentration of the Na_2CO_3 solution?

 $Na_{2}CO_{3(aq)} \ + \ 2 \ HCl ----> \ H_{2}O_{(l)} + CO_{2(g)} + CaCl_{2(aq)}$

(12) A 125 mL solution of $Cu(NO_3)_2$ was treated with sodium carbonate to precipitate copper carbonate. If 0.735 g of CuCO₃ was recovered, what was the concentration of the $Cu(NO_3)_2$ solution?

 $Na_2CO_{3(aq)} + Cu(NO_3)_{2(aq)} ----> CuCO_{3(s)} + 2NaNO_{3(aq)}$

Extra Credit: When Na is added to water, what reaction occurs (write it out). What type of reaction is this?